Songwrite 2 version 0.3 – user guide

JEAN-BAPTISTE "JIBA" LAMY (JIBALAMY @ FREE.FR)

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1 Introduction

Songwrite 2 is a music score and songbook editor. This software is especially designed for musicians who do not master solfege (like me!) and to Linuxian musicians. Songwrite 2 can edit staffs, but also tablatures (for guitar, bass, banjo,...) and flute fingerings (for tin whistle, recorder,...); it also manages lyrics. Songwrite 2 can play and print the partitions.

Songwrite 2 is a free software (libre software) written in Python. It is available under GNU GPL (including this documentation). Make pleasure to the author: do not confound "Free Software" and "Freeware"! In addition to being "Freeware", a Free Software is available as source code; it is allowed to modify and redistribute freely these sources.

1.1 Requirements for Songwrite 2

Python, Gtk, Cairo, PyGtk and PyCairo are required for running Songwrite 2, as well as the dialog box generator EditObj 2.

 ${\rm I\!AT}_{\!E\!}X$ and GhostScript are required for printing.

Evince is required for viewing PDF files before printing; any other PDF viewer can be used too.

Timidity is required for playing partitions; any other midi player can be used too (*e.g.* playmidi).

All these pieces of software should normally included in any "good" Linux distribution, but EditObj 2. See section 4 for using other programs than the default ones.

1.2 Mailing list

To subscribe to the Songwrite mailing, send a mail at Songwrite-subscribe@oomadness.tuxfamily.org . To unsuscribe, send a mail to Songwrite-unsubscribe@oomadness.tuxfamily.org .

1.3 History

Long ago, Songwrite 2 was called Songwrite 1 and even GTablature. Here are the various versions in a chronological order:

- 1. GTablature was the first version of a tablature editor, written with Python and Gtk.
- 2. Songwrite 1 was a rewrite of GTablature using Tk instead of Gtk. In fact, switching from Gtk to Gtk 2 was a pain, and thePython Gtk API was instable. This version also introduced the use of EditObj 1 for generating dialog boxes.
- 3. Songwrite 2 is a full rewrite of Songwrite 1, still in Python but with a new interface based on Gtk 2 and Cairo. It seems that Python Gtk2 API has improved in the while! Songwrite 2 uses now EditObj 2, my new dialog box automatic generator, and it also has a new plugin systems.

2 Editing a song

Songwrite 2 is designed to edit "songs" (sorry for musicians that play without singing :-). When it starts, a new song is created and edited. By default, a single guitar instrument is present.

File Edit Play Instrument Note Duration Effect Help - 100% +
Jiba's song (Jiba)
Guitar

2.1 Song

The $\mathsf{Edition} \triangleright \mathsf{Song}$ and instruments displays the following dialog box, which allows to modify the song's properties (you can also double-click on the song's title).

		Jiba's song		×	
Şa	Jiba's song				
	Guitar	Jiba	a's song		
		title	Jiba's song		
÷		authors	Jiba		
		copyright	Copyright 2011 by Jiba		
		comments			
		language	Français	₹	
ŵ		number of bars per line when printing	4		
		print font size	16	H	
			X Close	a	

It is possible to define the title, the authors, the copyright, and to add comments. The song's language is used when exporting lyrics to IAT_{EX} . Finally, the "print font size" and "number of bars per line" options define the partition's size when printing.

2.2 Instruments

The Instrument menu allows to add or to remove instruments in the song. In Songwrite 2, the various instruments' partitions are organized vertically, and the lyrics are treated in the same way. Here is the Instrument \land Add menu's dialog box:

		Available partition views				
-	Available partition views	Available partition views				
~	fingering	Select the partition and partition's view you want to add.				
	Tin whistle					
	Recorder					
Þ	Drums					
~	Tablature					
	Guitar					
	Guitar DADGAD					
	Bass					
	Banjo 5G					
	Ukulele					
	Mandolin					
	Koyabu board					
	6-string lyre	•				
	•					
		● Cancel 《 OK				

For the same instrument, several views are sometimes available, for example a guitar partition can be represented as a tablature or as a staff.

In the Songwrite 2 main window, simply click on the corresponding tablature or staff to select an instrument. The Instrument > Edit menu allows to edit the instrument properties (you can also double-click on the instrument icon or the staff's key).

	Guitar	X		Vocals	×
0,00	Guitar			Vocals	
	Guitar				
header			header	Vocals	
	Nylon String Guitar				
	Oboe			Choir Aahs	_
instrument	Ocarina			Church Organ	
•	Orchestra Hit		•instrument	Clarinet	
•	Overdriven Guitar	-	:	Clavinet	
tonality	С	₹		Contrabass	-
view as	Tablature : guitar	₹	tonality	С	₹
саро	0		view as	Staff : piano	₹
octavied key (g8)			G key		
print tab + staff			F key		
volume	2	55	octavied key (g8)		
muted			volume		255
chorus	0		muted		
reverb	0		chorus	0	
let ring			reverb	0	
tuning	Edit		tuning	Edit	
	X Clos	e			💥 Close

The properties available depend on the instrument and the view, for example the "capo" (capodastre) property is available for guitare but not for vocals. This dialog box allows to choose the MIDI sound bank used for playing (instrument), the partition tonality (tonality, sometimes called armor), the key(s) displayed on a staff (G or F key), the tuning of a guitar, etc. Finally, the "view as" property allows to change the instrument's view: using it, you can transform automatically a tablature to a staff, or *vice versa*.



2.2.1 Tuning string instruments

The tuning dialog box allows to modify the tuning of an instrument. It is possible to add, remove or reorder the strings, and to modify the strings open note. For drum instruments, the tuning is similar, each "string" corresponding to a drum patch.

If your favorite instrument is missing in the add instrument dialog box, do not hesitate to mail me its tuning, so as I can add it in the next release! It is also possible to implement "special" tuning such as the first string of the Banjo 5G, with a little Python code (see the additional_instruments plugin, in file songwrite2/plugins/additional_instruments/__init__.py).

2.2.2 Tin whistle tonality

In the instrument mode, the "instrument tonality" property can be used to choose the tin whistle tonality; it defaults to D. It is different from the partition's tonality, for example a tin whistle in D can play a tune in G.

2.3 Rhythm and bars

To select on or more bars, you need to select at least one note in the desired bar. The Edition \triangleright Rhythm and bars menu edits the select bars (or all bars if none are selected), with the following dialog box:

🗆 🛛 🗖 Bar #1					
	Bar #1				
beats per bar	4		₹		
beat's duration	4		₹		
tempo	90				
syncope picking					
		X Close	e		

The two first figures correspond to the rhythm (here, 4/4). It is also possible to activate syncope picking; for 6/8 rhythm, it corresponds to a "jig" rhythm.

Restriction Only x/4 (whatever x is) and y/8 (where y = 3, 6, 9, 12,...) rhythms are currently supported.

Finally, the Edit > Insert/remove beats and Edit > Insert/remove bars allow to insert or remove a given number of beats or bars at the current location (use negative number for removal).

2.4 Entering notes

To write a melody, click on the partition at the location of the first note. Then add a note by pressing keys 0 to 9: for tablatures, it correspond to the fret number, for staffs, only 0 is used, and for tin whistles, the figure correspond to the number of closed holes on the flute (press a second time on the same key to obtain the octavo).

It is possible to select several notes by dragging the mouse. The + and - keys modify the selected notes' pitch; with staffs, it allows for sharps (#) and flats (b), and for tin whistles, half-holes. The Note menu proposes several submenus for transposition or for rearranging the selected notes at a given fret number (for tablatures). To obtain additional lines above or below a stafs, simply move a note enough high or low with the + or - key.

Directional keys can be used for moving around in the partition; in Songwrite 2, the horizontal distance is proportional to time. The current note duration is used by Songwrite 2 for determining the horizontal cusor speed, you may need to change the current duration for moving faster or slower.

Notes' duration can be modified with the toolbar's buttons, the Duration menu or the * (inscrease duration) and / (reduce duration) keys, however Songwrite 2 automatically adjust the note duration when you enter the next note (NB for some instruments that play several voice simultaneously, it can be problematic; in this case, it is possible to desactivate this behavious in the preferences).

2.4.1 Copy and paste

Songwrite 2 uses a Linux-like copy-paste system: to copy a group of notes, select them. To move the selection, perform a drag-drop on one of the selected notes. Press Escape to cancel the drag drop.

To paste the notes selected previously, click the mouse middle button (usually the mouse roll). It is possible to adjust the exact pasting location by moving the mouse while keeping the middle button pressed.

Here again, Songwrite 2 uses the selected duration for aligning horizontally the pasted notes.

2.4.2 Special effects

Songwrite supports the following special effects: accentuation, hammer/pull/legato, slide, dead notes, bend, tremolo, roll, harmonic, fermata, appoggiatura and strumming directions. Special effects can be added using the toolbar, the keyboard shortcuts or the dialog box of the Note > Edit menu.

For effects that link two notes (hammers/pull/legato and slides), the effect must be set on the first note. For rolls, the effect should be set on the lower note of a chord (although it is still allowed to apply it to all the note of the chord, as needed in Songwrite 1).

Notes can gain new properties depending on their special effect, e.g. the bend pitch property for bends.

Restriction It is not possible to put more than one special effect of the same category on the same note.

2.4.3 Rests

Rests are added automatically by Songwrite 2, when printing or exporting to PDF.

2.4.4 Keyboard shortcuts

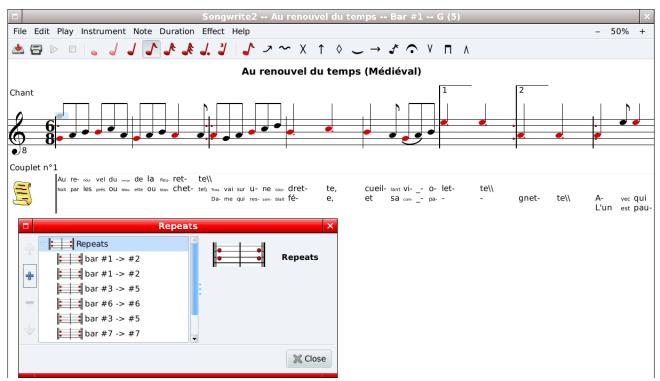
up, down, left, right move the current position

origin, end go to the beginning or the end of the song

0 to 9	add note	(tablatures:	fret number,	tin whistle	fingering:	number of	covered holes.	staffs:	use only 0)	ļ
--------	----------	--------------	--------------	-------------	------------	-----------	----------------	---------	----------------	---

- +, increase or decrease the note pitch
- /, * increase or decrease the note duration
- toggle doted duration
- return toggle accentuation
- del delete all selected notes
- n normal (remove special effect)
- s slide to the following note
- l hammer, pull or legato
- b bend
- t tremolo
- d dead note
- r roll
- h harmonic
- p fermata
- a appoggiatura
- ^ strumming direction up
- _ strumming direction down
- , strumming direction down (with thumb)
- space plays from the current position

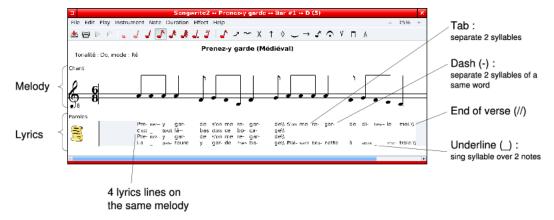
2.5 Repeats



Repeats are entered in the dialog box of the $\mathsf{Edition} \triangleright \mathsf{Repeats}$ and $\mathsf{playlist}$ menu. To add new groups of bars in the playlist, select the desired bars and click the "+" button on the left of the dialog box. To repeat several time given bars, add them several times.

Warning Only playlist which can be translated into musical symbols (":" with symbol "1", "2",...) are correctly shown and printed.

Hint Songwrite 2's title bar display the number of the currently selected bar.



In Songwrite 2, lyrics are managed as instruments, and they are added using the Instrument > Add dialog box. Lyrics blocs must be placed just below the corresponding vocals instrument (however, it is possible to have several lyrics blocs below the same vocals, when these lyrics share the same vocal melody). Typically, one uses a lyrics blocs for each strophe, and one for the chorus.

Then, click in the lyrics rectangle and type the text. Songwrite 2 automatically aligns the syllables on the vocals, and reduce the font size if needed. The following keys have a special meaning:

space, tab next syllable

- next syllable in the same word
- sing the previous syllable over two notes (warning, it works ONLY if the two notes are linked, with a hammer / pull / legato special effect)

 \setminus (two backslashes) end of the verse (breakline when printing)

entrée new lyrics on the same vocals

Finally, as the final print out is done with Lilypond and LATEX, you can use LATEX code in the lyrics!

2.7 Playing, printing, exporting and importing

When your song is ready, you can play it with the Song > Play menu and its friends.

The File \triangleright (Preview) print menu exports the song to PDF and display the result (by default with Evince). For printing, use the print command in Evince.

Finally, the File>Import and File>Export menus allow import and export with the following formats:

Format	Import	Export	comments
Songwrite format X		Х	XML format (Songwrite 1 and 2 .sw.xml files)
Midi	Х	Х	
Rich Midi Tablature	Х	Х	Midi with meta event for string numbers
Ascii tablature	(X)	Х	Import works with Songwrite 2 Ascci tab, but may not work with other
Lilypond		Х	No lyrics
PostScript		Х	
PDF		Х	
Guitar Pro	(X)		Experimental Guitar Pro 3 / 4 import
ABC	Х		Used for traditionnal music (e.g. http://thesession.org)

2.7.1 Command line

In command line, -import and -export options are used to import and export files.

For example, the following command line imports a file in ABC format, changes the view type to tin whistle fingering, and exports it in PDF:

```
songwrite2 --import abc fichier.abc --script "from songwrite2.plugins.fingering \
    import TinWhistleView ; song.partitions[0].set_view_type(TinWhistleView)" \
    --export pdf fichier.pdf
```

3 Songbook



A songbook allows to regroup several songs together. To display the songbook dialog box, either use the File \triangleright New songbook menu, or open an already saved songbook (with File \triangleright Open). The dialog box allows to modify the songbook's properties, and to add song in the book or to remove them (using the + and - buttons on the left). It also allows to switch rapidly from a song to another, by clicking them on the list.

Warning Songwrite 2 does not save the songs inside the songbook, but only their (relative) filename, so you must keep your song files!

When a songbook is opened, the File \triangleright Save menu saves *both* the current song *and* the songbook. The File \triangleright Save as menu saves only the current song, while the File \triangleright Save songbook as menu saves only the songbook.

Finally, use the $File \triangleright (Preview)$ print songbook menu for printing the songbook.

4 Configuration

		Preferences	×			
	Preference	25				
P	(Timidity by	! use an external program to play MIDI files / default). ssible command is "playmidi %s".				
	The postcrip printing.	t command is the one used for viewing files before				
	In both com play or to d	mand, %s is replaced by the name of the file to isplay.				
Midi player comma	nd	timidity -idt -Wd -				
PDF viewer comma	ind	evince %s				
default directory		/home/jiba/audio/tablatures/cours_tristan				
level of cancel		20				
ask filename on ex	port					
Page format		A4	₹			
edition pane positi	on	aucun	₹			
play as typing						
display notes curre	ntly playing					
number of previou	s files	12				
Automatic note du	ration					
Screen font size (0	auto)	0				
		Cancel 🖉 OK				

To change the Songwrite 2 configuration, click the $\mathsf{Edit} \triangleright \mathsf{Preferences}$ menu. The default configuration should fit for almost all Linux distributions.